



Knowledge Building

Techniques

Techniques are the procedures and methods by which an artist defines themselves. Most artists will specialise in one technique, and, for some, it is this that makes their work well-known. It is by learning about and exploring these techniques that pupils become aware that art has many styles and forms, and techniques are chosen for specific purposes.

Tools

It is by using different **tools** that artists can develop their chosen techniques. Painters require brushes and paint, photographers need cameras etc. By knowing about a range of tools used to produce art, pupils will appreciate how artists can perform certain techniques. Some tools are chosen with exacting purposes in mind, but tools can be mixed to create new techniques, styles and forms e.g. sand animation art.

People

For tools and techniques to be used, there obviously needs to be **people** using them. These people are known as artists and architects. By being able to recognise the art produced by both **people groups** and **individuals**, pupils can then start to recognise how the cultural, geographical, historical and social backgrounds of these artists influences their work.

Art and Design Vocabulary

The language of art and design can be broken down into different categories such as: the language of **form and technique**, for example, stippling, etching, painting, drawing, sculpture, photography; the language of **tools**, e.g. brush, camera, chisel, clay, paint, pastels; the language of **style or movements** as in cubism, abstract, expressionism and pop art. Having an expansive art and design vocabulary is important for children so they can talk about their own work, as well as art produced by skilled artists.

Architecture

Architecture is an aspect of art that focuses on the design of buildings. It is included in the art curriculum so that children are aware that art and design doesn't just focus on painting or drawing. **Architecture** reflects a range of styles across different eras and developing knowledge about them will help pupils become aware of how architecture shapes landscapes, making some places easily recognisable, which links directly to human geography.

Cultural Understanding

The production of art dates back as far as when humankind started thinking creatively. It has always been a way of displaying and interpreting the world around us.

Artists have come from many different backgrounds and **cultures**. By having an **understanding** of an artist's **culture**, we can then understand what they are trying to show. It is important that pupils recognise that art can be found everywhere and is deeply subjective; what they like to look at may not be the same as their peers. They will know that artists come from across the globe, and many use their environment, culture or religion (or a combination of all three) to influence the art they produce.





EXPLORERS

	Knowledge Building					
Techniques	Tools	People	Art and Design Vocabulary	Architecture	Cultural Understanding	
Know that painting and drawing are fundamental art techniques	Know the names of basic art tools such as paintbrush, easel etc.	Know that art (design and craft) is created by skilled artists	Identify a range of colours and simple art techniques e.g. printing, painting, drawing	Name different types of buildings and some of their features e.g. roof, steeple, door	Know that art can be found in different forms everywhere	
		Learning P	rogression			
	3 – 4 years			Reception		
 Draw with increasing complex details Use drawing to represent ide Show different emotions in the Explore colour and colour-mi 	ntinuous lines, and begin to use the kity and detail, such as representing as like movement or loud noises heir drawings and painting like happixing	a face with a circle and including	 design, texture, form and fund Share their creations, explaini Explore, use and refine a varie 	ng the process they have used ety of artistic effects to express their revious learning, refining ideas and	ideas and feelings	







Knowledge Progression					
Explorers 1 / Nursery and Explorers 2 / Reception					
Come Fly With Me! Asia	No Place Like Home				
To use the symbol of the elephant in Indian culture to recognise that art can be found in many	To know that some art can be useful and be able to say who would use it and how it would be				
places	used				
To know that Wassily Kandinsky was a famous artist and be able to recreate work in his style	To understand that art can be used to suit different groups of people				
To know what a Pharoah's mask is and design one of their own inspired by Egyptian art	Key Vocabulary				
Key Vocabulary	wallpaper, design, pattern				
Wassily Kandinsky, concentric circles, abstract, colour, artefact, gold, mask, hieroglyphics					
Happy to Be Me	Under the Sea				
To know what a self-portrait is and paint their own using a mirror as a guide	To know that art can be find everywhere and use paint to recreate it				
To know that portrait can be made with other materials	To know what shades are and be able to recreate some using colour cards				
To understand that art can be appreciated with senses other than sight	To know how to use the technique of marbling				
To understand that small details can make a big difference to a picture	To use imagination to create an unusual sea creature				
To know that portraits can have more than one person and be able to use a range of media to	To be able to describe patterns they can see and use them as inspiration for their own work				
recreate their own from photographs	To know that other parts of the body can be used to make art				
Key Vocabulary	Key Vocabulary				
self-portrait, face, features, family portrait, photograph, media	pattern, stripy, tropical, shades, collage, imagination, creative, paint				
Additional Knowledge					

Help is at Hand

• To use printing to explore patterns in fingerprints and be able to say what they see

Tell Us a Story

• To use a range of materials in decoration

What on Earth...?

- To know that art can be created without specific tools
- To know that colours can be mixed to make others







PATHFINDERS

Knowledge Building						
Techniques	Tools	People	Art and Design Vocabulary	Architecture	Cultural Understanding	
Know which techniques are	Know which tools are specific to	Know that different forms of	Understand simple vocabulary	Know that buildings are	Know that artists from different	
specific to which art media e.g.	which art media e.g. drawing	creative works have been made	related to shape, space, line,	designed by skilled architects	countries used their art to	
colour wash painting	pencils, pastels, charcoal	by people from all cultures and	tone and colour		represent their surroundings	
		times			e.g. Monet	
		Skills Pro	ogression			
	Art Skills Pathfinders 1 / Y1			Art Skills Pathfinders 2 / Y2		
Ar1 Drawing Explore the use of lin	ne, shape and colour		Ar14 Explore ideas			
Ar2 Painting Explore a variety of to	ools and techniques including the us	se of different brush sizes and	Ar15 Drawing Experiment with the	visual elements of line, shape, patt	ern and colour	
types			Ar16 Drawing Work out ideas for o			
Ar3 Printing Make marks in print w	vith a variety of objects, including na	tural and made objects	Ar17 Painting Experiment with a va	ariety of tools and techniques, inclu	ding mixing a range of secondary	
Ar4 Textiles / Collage Investigate	using a wide variety of media, includ	ling cards, fabric, plastic, tissue,	colours, shades and tones			
magazines, crepe paper etc.			Ar18 Printing Investigate and design patterns of increasing complexity and repetition			
Ar5 3D-Form Explore sculpture wi	th a range of malleable materials		Ar19 Textile/Collage Explore textu	ire using a variety of media		
Ar6 Recognise pattern in the envir	ronment			onstruct and join recycled, natural ar	nd man-made materials more	
Ar7 Respond to ideas			confidently			
Ar8 Make changes to their own wo				fferences in their own and other's w		
g ,	, including pencils, crayons, pastels,	felt tips, charcoal, ballpoints,	Ar22 Drawing Draw for a sustained	d period of time using real objects, i	ncluding single and grouped	
chalk and other dry media			objects			
Ar10 Painting Use different brush			Ar23 Observe the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and			
Ar11 Printing Build a repeating pa			similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work			
Ar12 Textiles/Collage Use a variet	y of techniques e.g. weaving, fabric	crayons, sewing	Ar24 Drawing Layer different media e.g. crayons, pastels, felt tips, charcoal and ballpoint			
Ar13 3D-Form Manipulate clay in a	Ar13 3D-Form Manipulate clay in a variety of ways e.g. rolling, kneading and shaping			Ar25 Painting Work on a range of scales e.g. large brush on large paper etc.		
		Ar26 Printing Use a variety of techniques e.g. fabric printing, rubbings. Design patterns of increasing				
			complexity and repetition			
			Ar27 Printing Print using a variety of materials, objects and techniques			
				Ar28 Textile/Collage Use a variety of techniques e.g. tie-dying, wax or oil resist mosaic		
			Ar29 3D-Form Manipulate clay for	a variety of purposes e.g. thumb po	ots, simple coil pots and models	







Knowledge Progression			
Pathfinders 1 / Year 1	Pathfinders 2 / Year 2		
Come Fly With Me! Arctic Circle	Zero to Hero		
Pupils will be introduced to the technique of collage. They will explore a range of materials and fabrics, deciding on their suitability linked to purpose. They will also be introduced, in simple terms, to the fact that art is subjective, and it can have deep cultural links. They will use stones and pebbles to recreate an Inukshuk and use their collage background to display it. 3D Form / Collage Skills Development To be able to explore a range of materials in order to add texture to a collage Concepts NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To be able to explore a range of materials in order to add texture to a collage To know that Inukshuks are 3D stone figures To understand that Inukshuks were traditionally used by the Inuits as directional markers To know that Inukshuks have been transformed into symbols of hope and friendship, used by people all over the world	In this unit, pupils will be introduced to the work of artist, Christy Brown, who was paralysed due to cerebral palsy and used his left foot to paint. Pupils will see that they do not always have to use their hands to create works of art and the importance of creative thinking when overcoming challenges. Pupils will use tools in ways that can seem challenging to explore a different way of painting. Painting Concepts NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work To know that Christy Brown was a famous artist who could only use his left foot to draw and paint with To develop empathy, by understanding some of the challenges that Christy Brown must have faced		
Happily Ever After	Inter-Nation Media Station		
Pupils will be shown how to use clay to produce a useful object. They will use the techniques of rolling, moulding and smoothing to create a lidded clay pot and be encouraged to use this specific vocabulary. 3D Form Skills Development • To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid Concepts NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products • To know how to make a clay thumb pot with a lid • To know the importance of including specific features in a model or artefact, linked to a fairy tale character	Pupils will find out about the photographic work of Theresa Elvin. In this, they will see that art can be produced in many different ways, including photography, and how photos can be edited. Vocabulary, such as 'monochrome', 'black and white' and 'colour pop' will be introduced. Pupils will use simple editing software to add splashes of colour to black and white photographs they have taken themselves. Photography / Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space To recognise and understand the difference between colour and black and white images To know that splashes of colour on a monochrome background are called 'colour pops'		





Knowledge Progression			
Pathfinders 1 / Year 1	Pathfinders 2 / Year 2		
Unity in the Community In this unit, pupils will look at the work of César Manrique and understand how he used his island home of Lanzarote to inspire his artwork. Pupils will learn that art can be found anywhere, not just in a gallery, and Manrique's wind toys dotted around the island are a form of moving sculpture. Pupils will explore alternatives for making their own sculptures, for example plastic bottles and paper plates, and link some design technology skills by evaluating their work once complete. 3D Form Concepts NC - To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines and making links to them own work To know about the influence that César Manrique had on the Lanzarote island community To know that César Manrique's wind toys are examples of moving sculptures	Land Ahoy! Pupils will be introduced to the terms 'primary' and 'secondary' when mixing colours. They will begin to understand that the choice of brush is important when painting and know how to hold a brush correctly to ensure full control. Pupils will also develop the technique of colour mixing by adding white to colours to produce tints. They will be introduced to French artist, Claude Monet, and they will focus on his seascapes, producing their own pictures using colour mixing techniques. Painting Skills Development To develop colour mixing skills through mixing primary colours To develop colour mixing by adding white Concepts NC - To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work NC - To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To develop colour mixing skills through mixing primary colours To learn about various techniques used for creating an image / canvas using different media To learn about the French artist, Claude Monet, and some of his paintings		
Going Wild Pupils will revisit the concept of pattern and printing in this unit. They will be introduced to new vocabulary with terms such as 'ink', 'roller' and 'printing plate'. Pupils will explore the techniques and tools associated with simple printing to produce repeating patterns. They will also investigate where these techniques are used elsewhere, such as in wallpaper and wrapping paper. Printing Skills Development To make a printing plate and print a repeating pattern Concepts NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space To make a printing plate and print a repeating pattern To identify different animal prints To learn some simple printing techniques	Light Up the World The focus in this unit is the concept of working with a range of drawing mediums. Pupils will be familiar with pencils, pens and possibly chalks, but may not have come across charcoal or pastels. They will revisit observing light and dark shades within one core colour and work on recreating their own light and dark drawings using a wide range of tools. They will be introduced to the technique of crosshatching to produce a range of shading. Drawing Skills Development To know how to create light and dark effects by exploring the use of different drawing implements Concepts NC - To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space To know how to create light and dark effects by exploring the use of different drawing implements To learn about colour sequences and be able to order colours, from lightest to the darkest To understand that depending on how much pressure is applied, different media e.g. coloured pencils, can produce different tones and shades		





	Key Vocabulary				
Pathfinders 1 / Year 1		Pathfinders 2 / Year 2			
	Come Fly With Me! Arctic Circle	Zero to Hero			
Inukshuk figure	materials	Christy Brown overcome			
Inuksuit	collage	feet painting artist			
Inuit	diorama	painting			
marker	properties	challenge			
pebble	texture	shade			
stone	3D	tone			
	Happily Ever After	Inter-Nation Media Station			
clay	roll	photograph			
slip	edge	black and white			
mould	marking tools	colour photograph			
cut	thumb pot	colour pop			
clay board	lid	Theresa Elvin			
pinch	smooth	stimulus			







	Key Vocabulary					
	Pathfinders 1 / Year 1			Pathfinders 2 / Year 2		
		Unity In the Community				
colour mixing	Claude Monet	César Manrique	artist	visual		
primary colour	Ivan Aivazovsky	Lanzarote	construct	shaping		
secondary colour	marine art	moving sculpture	folding			
paintbrush	seascape	spin	join			
palette		mobile	kneading			
tint	tint					







ADVENTURERS

		Knowledg	ge Building		
Techniques	Tools	People	Art and Design Vocabulary	Architecture	Cultural Understanding
Know how different techniques	Know how using different art	Know some of the key ideas,	Understand key vocabulary	Know the names of some	Understand that art is an
are used to created effects e.g.	tools can create different effects	techniques and practices of a	relating to a range of different	famous architects and give	identifying feature of different
relief printing	e.g. use of various brush sizes	variety of artists (art and craft)	art techniques	examples of their work	cultures and religions
		Skills Pro	ogression		
	Art Skills Adventurers 1 / Y3			Art Skills Adventurers 2 / Y4	
Ar31 Painting Experiment with dift thickened paint etc. Ar32 Printing Explore pattern and Ar33 Textiles/Collage Experiment Ar34 Modelling and Sculpting Research Ar35 Find out about artists, archit Ar36 Drawing Use their sketchbod sources Ar37 Printing Observe and discus Ar38 Drawing Use different media Ar39 Drawing Draw independent Ar40 Plan, refine and alter their war41 Painting Work confidently of Ar42 Painting Mix a variety of color Ar43 Printing Print using variety of Ar44 Textiles/Collage Use a variety develop skills in stitching, cutting Ar46 Modelling and Sculpting Work Ar46 Modelling and Sculpting Mar47 Modelling and Sculpting Mar48 Modelling and Sculpting Mar47 Modelling and Sculpting Mar47 Modelling and Sculpting Mar48 Modelling Ar48 Mo	s the processes used to produce a sing a to achieve variations in line, texture by for sustained period ork as necessary in a range of scales e.g. thin brush on ours and know which primary colours of materials, objects and techniques in the ty of techniques e.g. quilting, weaving and joining ork with a degree of independence instruct a simple clay base for extend	ng in colour, colour washes, ng, layering etc. s al information from different nple print tone, colour, shape and pattern small picture etc. make secondary colours cluding layering g, embroidery, appliqué and	Ar49 Drawing Explore relationships make informed choices in drawing, Ar50 Painting Show increasing indewillingness to experiment and take Ar51 Printing Research, create and Ar52 Printing Explore resist painting Ar53 Textiles/Collage Experiment of Ar54 Find out about artists, archite Ar55 Drawing Use research to inspirately Ar56 Drawing Alter and refine draw appropriate vocabulary Ar57 Textiles/Collage Match the control of Ar58 Modelling and Sculpting Throunderstanding that it has been scultured Ar59 Drawing Make informed choice Ar60 Drawing Collect images and in Ar61 Painting Make and match colon Ar62 Painting Use more specific control of Ar64 Printing Select broadly the kir Ar65 Textiles/Collage Choose collentared Modelling and Sculpting Show Ar67 Modelling and Sculpting Plan Ar68 Modelling and Sculpting Talk or constructed	including use of paper and media ependence and creativity with the prisks refine a print using a variety of ted g including marbling and silkscreet with paste resist cts and designers are drawings from memory and imagings and describe changes, based worrect tool to the material augh observation, talk about their copted, modelled or constructed tes in drawing including use of paper of the property of the property with increasing accuracy lour language e.g. tint, tone, shaderent effects and textures with paint and soft material to print with in order or textiles as a means of extension, design, make and adapt models of design, make and adapt models of textures with make and adapt models of the print with the property of the print with in order the print with in orde	painting process, demonstrating a hniques of the process of the pr





Knowledge Progression			
Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4		
"That's All, Folks!"	A World of Difference		
As pupils should now be able to correctly hold and control a paintbrush, they will be introduced to a wider range of brushes and explore using them in different tasks. Pupils will develop their painting technique by using the brushes to produce different effects, including those of stippling and pointillism. Pupils will also be introduced to Jack Kirby, a famous comic artist. They should recognise some of his work and use him as an inspiration to produce their own. Painting Skills Development To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers To learn about different brushes, brush strokes and how to choose appropriate brushes for different tasks To identify that Jack Kirby is famous for his comic book style To learn that Jack Kirby was the creator of Captain America and many more Marvel characters To know that various methods can be used to create comic art	In this unit, the pupils will see clearly that art can have deep cultural and religious connections. The cyclical design and pattern of mandalas encourage meditation and focus in the Buddhist faith. Pupils also explore the importance of geometric pattern in Islamic art, using a range of tools to create colour and vibrancy. Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that the mandala is a symbolic representation of the universe in Tibetan Buddhism To understand that the mandala is derived from the world 'circle' To learn that Mandalas are used as spiritual teaching tool that helps strengthen meditation and increase focus To understand some of the features from Islamic art		
Come Fly With Me! Africa	Cry Freedom		
Pupils will develop their sculpting skills through the use of another medium, papier maché. Taking inspiration from Julie Taymor's 'Lion King' masks, pupils will follow instructions to produce their own. 3D Form Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials • To learn how to make an animal mask • To know that Julie Taymor is famous for making all the 'Lion King' show masks / puppets	Pupils will learn about graffiti and how it is viewed in society. Looking specifically at the use of this art medium in political activism, they are introduced to Banksy, a renowned graffiti artist. They will use their sketchbooks to create images that portray slave labour which they then add a slogan to. They then create stencils which they experiment with spray or stipple painting. Mixed Media Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To learn about the role of graffiti as an artform and a political tool in society (as well as a discouraged form of vandalism) To learn about Banksy and how he uses graffiti to speak out on issues such as greed, poverty and slave labour		





Knowledge	Progression
Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4
Athens v Sparta	Law and Order
In this unit, pupils will refine their clay moulding technique with the introduction of 'slip'. Slip will be used to join coils of clay together, in order for the pupils to make simple clay pots with lids. Pupils will also find out about the cultural importance of Greek pottery in conveying stories and messages and use original designs to inspire their own. 3D Form Skills Development To know how to make a coil pot Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to make a coil pot To identify different variations of pottery design from the past to modern times	Pupils will know that lines are a key aspect of drawing and, in this unit, further explore how using a variety of line drawing techniques can be effective and eye-catching. Pupils will be encouraged to talk in more depth and with wider artistic vocabulary about their own art and that of others. Pupils will use line to draw buildings, noting some architectural features before deepening their understanding of effective drawing techniques through the 'rule of thirds' in drawing landscapes. Drawing Skills Development To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that line can be used effectively as a visual element in drawing To know the rule of thirds is a set of guidelines used to composing artwork for 2D mediums, such as photography, drawing and painting To know that artists use the rule of thirds when creating landscapes, but that it can also be used for
Picture Our Planet	subject matter, still life, figures and portraits Under the Canopy
Pupils will be introduced to the work of Romero Britto, a Brazilian artist who is well-known for his bright and vibrant collage-like artwork. Pupils will use his work to inspire their own colourful textile collage piece. Pupils will need to identify fabrics that would be the most suitable for their design by discussing their features. They will be introduced to the technique of layering to produce interesting art pieces. Textiles / Collage Skills Development To know how to cut, layer and join materials Concepts NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers To know how to cut, layer and join materials To learn about Romero Britto and discuss the key features of his work e.g. bright colours, abstract form, bold lines	Pupils will use drawing techniques developed over the course of this phase and earlier to create observational drawings using pastels as their tool. Pupils will notice that pastels can be hard to work with so will need to adapt their technique as appropriate. As well as drawing, pupils will explore the art of tattooing as an artform, recognising that it has a long cultural history in central America and is used as a sign of courage. Drawing / Painting Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to make close observational drawings To know how to use oil pastels in drawing To know that body art, in the form of tattooing, was being used in the 16 th century in Mexico and Central America





Knowledge Progression			
Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4		
	Lightning Speed		
	Pupils will revisit the printing techniques developed in Pathfinders and will go on to develop		
	them by exploring the use of line to produce effective printing patterns. Pupils will also be		
	reminded of vocabulary previously introduced to them.		
	Pupils will discuss the uses of printing by looking at the work of Gutenberg. They will improve their		
	printing skills by producing book covers and using marbling techniques to make end papers.		
	Printing		
	Skills Development		
	To know about a range of lines and marks that create different effects when printing		
	Concepts		
	NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture		
	with a range of materials		
	To know about a range of lines and marks that create different effects when printing		
	To learn a range of printing techniques that were used from both Ancient and Modern times e.g.		
	'wood block'		







	Key Vocabulary				
	Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4			
	Come Fly With Me! Africa	A World of Difference			
Julie Taymor	puppet	mandala	nature	shape	
mask		Buddhism	pattern	tone	
Lion King		circle	draw	texture	
papier maché		geometric	reflect		
3D		calligraphy	image		
design		artefact	line		
model					
	"That's All, Folks!"			ng Speed	
brush technique	character design	printing	Gutenberg		
brush stroke	applied technique	Lino press	stamp		
sketchbook	comic art	ink	printing press		
stippling	layer	roller	relief print		
pointillism		crosshatch	marbling		
Jack Kirby		non-porous	book covers		







Key Vocabulary			
Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4		
Athens v Sparta	Law and Order		
coil pot	landscapes		
slip	line		
clay	photography		
cross-hatching	portrait		
clay guide	rule of thirds		
pottery	still life		
	Van Gogh		
Picture Our Planet	Under the Canopy		
abstract form	dye		
fray	observational		
layering	drawing		
line	oil painting		
Romero Britto	oil pastel		
	tattooing		







Key Vocabulary		
Adventurers 1 / Year 3	Adventurers 2 / Year 4	
	Cry Freedom	
	graffiti	
	spray paint	
	stipple	
	stencil	
	acetate	
	vandalism	
	political activist	







NAVIGATORS

	Knowledge Building					
Techniques	Tools	People	Art and Design Vocabulary	Architecture	Cultural Understanding	
Know which art techniques to	Know which art tools to choose	Know about the influence of	Know and use a wide range of	Know how architecture shapes	Know what art reflects and	
choose for specific purposes	specific purposes and how to	different historical cultural and	art and design vocabulary in	communities and landscapes	influences culture and vice versa	
	use them safely	social contexts on artists	critiques			
		Skills Pro	ogression			
	Art Skills Navigators 1 / Y5		Art Skills Navigators 2 / Y6			
Ar70 Drawing Research and use a	Ar70 Drawing Research and use a variety of source materials for their work			Ar87 Drawing Manipulate and experiment with the elements of art: line, tone, pattern, texture, form,		
Ar71 Drawing Explore the potentia	al properties of the visual elements o	of line, tone, pattern, texture,	space, colour and shape			
colour and shape			Ar88 Painting Carry out preliminar	y studies, test media and materials a	and mix appropriate colours	
Ar72 Painting Work on preliminary	studies to test media and materials	. Investigate, explore and record	Ar89 Painting Work from a variety	of sources, including some research	ned independently	
information to generate imaginative	information to generate imaginative ideas			Ar90 Modelling and Sculpting Explore further the use for clay e.g. slabs, coils, slips, etc.		
_	Ar73 Drawing Work in a sustained and independent way from observation, experience and imagination			Ar91 Investigate, explore and record information about famous artists showing appreciation of aesthetic		
Ar74 Printing Become familiar with	n new techniques e.g. the use of pol	y-blocks, relief, mom and resist	qualities			
printing			Ar92 Drawing Identify artists who have worked in a similar way to their own work			
Ar75 Compare and comment on ideas, methods and approaches used in their own and others' work,		Ar93 Analyse and comment on ideas and methods				
beginning to relate these to intention, in order to adapt and improve outcomes		Ar94 Drawing Demonstrate a wide variety of ways to make different marks with dry and wet media				
Ar76 Drawing Use a sketchbook to develop ideas			Ar95 Drawing Develop ideas using different or mixed media, using a sketchbook			
Ar77 Painting Demonstrate a secure knowledge about primary and secondary, warm and cold,		Ar96 Painting Choose appropriate paint, paper and implements to adapt and extend their work				
complementary and contrasting colours		Ar97 Painting Create shades and tints using black and white. Work from a variety of sources, including				
Ar78 Painting Create imaginative work from a variety of sources		some researched independently				
Ar79 Printing Choose the printing method appropriate to task			Ar98 Painting Show an awareness of how paintings are created			
Ar80 Printing Build up layers and colours/textures			Ar99 Printing Describe varied technique			
A81 Printing Organise their work in terms of pattern, repetition, symmetry or random printing styles			Ar100 Printing Show confidence in printing on paper or fabric			
Ar82 Textiles/Collage Join fabrics in different ways, including stitching			Ar101 Textiles/Collage Show an awareness of the potential of the uses of materials			
Ar83 Textiles/Collage Use a range of media to create collage		Ar102 Textiles/Collage Use different techniques, colours and textures when designing and making				
Ar84 3D-Form Use recycled, natural and man-made materials to create sculpture			pieces of work			
•	Ar85 3D-Form Plan a sculpture through drawing and other preparatory work			eate sculpture and constructions wi	th increasing independence	
Ar86 Design and create images and artefacts in response to personal ideas and for clearly defined						
purposes by selecting and developing techniques and using a range of materials						





Knowledge Progression			
Navigators 1 / Year 5	Navigators 2 / Year 6		
Come Fly With Me! America	"I Have a Dream"		
Pupils will develop their ability to work with different artistic tools in this unit. Pupils will learn about different types of paint and expand their vocabulary further. They will also experiment with how these paint types can be used on a range of surfaces to produce different textures. Pupils will be introduced to Jackson Pollock, a famous abstract expressionist artist. They will talk about how his artwork makes them feel and use some of his techniques of painting to music to recreate their own Pollock-style pieces. Painting Skills Development To learn about different types of paint and explore their capabilities on a range of surfaces Concepts NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers To learn about different types of paint and explore their capabilities on a range of surfaces To know that Jackson Pollock is famous for abstract art To understand that his paintings are not meant to represent specific objects / people	Pupils will explore another approach to sculpture through the use of everyday items, specifically paper clips. They will use the work of Pietro D'Angelo, an Italian figurative sculpture who uses wire mesh to produce his sculptures. Pupils will be encouraged to sketch ideas, produce a sculpture and then critique their own and others' work. 3D Form Concepts NC - To know about great artists, architects and designers NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that Pietro D'Angelo is an artist that creates paper clip sculptures To understand the properties and capabilities of wire e.g. mesh, paper clips, garden wire		
To identify their own feelings and emotions when looking at his paintings A World of Bright Ideas	Mission Control		
Pupils should now be fairly confident with the technique of printing using rollers and their own print plates. In this unit, pupils will develop their technique further by exploring using two colours and stencils to make a more complex design. As well as improving printing techniques, pupils will look at branding and how brand logos can be considered a form of art that plays a role in our culture. Printing Skills Development To know how to create a two-colour relief print with a stencil Concepts	In this unit, pupils will extend their knowledge of the planets, Sun and Moon through their art. Pupils will be familiar with mixing primary colours to make secondary and adding white or black to create shades. They will improve their technique of colour mixing by now working with complementary and contrasting colours, as well as hue and tones. They will apply these techniques to produce paintings of the planets, Sun and Moon, observing carefully the colours seen on each. In addition to colour mixing, pupils will embed their understanding of creating texture by adding materials to their paints. Painting Concepts		
 NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to create a two-colour relief print with a stencil To know why logos are important in branding To know the features of a strong brand image 	 NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To learn about primary and secondary colours and what they can be used for e.g. warm colours, cold colours, complementary colours To learn about colour wheels, including tints, tones, shades and hues To understand when you apply paint and materials (e.g. sand, sugar grit) to different types of paper, it will create different textures 		





Knowledge Progression			
Navigators 1 / Year 5	Navigators 2 / Year 6		
Navigators 1 / Year 5 You're Not Invited Pupils will secure their skills in working with clay in this unit. In Adventurers, pupils used to slip to join two or more pieces of clay together. Now, they will use cross-hatching to ensure more secure joins and use clay guides to ensure that a piece of clay is flat and level. Pupils will then study some of the designs on Roman mosaics to inspire their own decoration noting some of the significant features of Roman design. 3D Form Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know how to make a slab pot To know that Roman mosaics were common forms of decoration during the reign of the Roman Empire To learn about the significance of Roman mosaic art and their designs	Wars of the World In Adventurers, pupils explored techniques of joining fabrics together to create textile collages. Now in Navigators, pupils will develop their technique further by using needle and thread to stitch fabric together. Not only is this an art technique, but a useful life skill. Pupils will use stitching techniques to produce a poppy collage, whilst learning about the cultural significance of the poppy after World War I and into present day. Collage Skills Development To know about exploring fabrics by stitching Concepts NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know about exploring fabrics by stitching To learn about the significance of the poppy during World War I as a representation of sacrifice		
Full of Beans Pupils will have had the opportunity to draw with various tools and refine their technique in Adventurers. They will now explore reasons why people draw and be introduced to the vocabulary of 'observation', 'experience' and 'imagination'. They will use viewfinders as a tool to aid observational drawing and be encouraged to use the range of techniques they have learnt in the past. Pupils will also explore how a picture can be created with only one colour by mixing a variety of shades to create areas of light and dark. Drawing Skills Development To explore different drawing stimuli Concepts NC - To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas NC - To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials To know that different drawing implements to create light and dark effects	made by the soldiers To learn about the 5000 poppies project, which involved hand-knitted poppies that were donated from around the world and displayed at Federation Square, Melbourne to represent the fallen soldiers British Bulldog Choosing one of five stimuli images provided, pupils will sketch shapes and add colour to create a Moroccan painting similar to the style of Winston Churchill. Painting Concept To know that as well as a politician, Winston Churchill was an accomplished painter		



	Key Vocabulary			
Navigators 1 / Year 5		Navigators 2 / Year 6		
Come Fly With Me! America		"I Have a Dream"		
abstract art	surface	manipulate		
acrylic paint	texture	paper clip		
Jackson Pollock	watercolour paint	sculptures		
mask		Pietro D'Angelo		
poster paint		wire		
powder paint				
A World of Bright Ideas		Mission Control		
brand image		cold colours	hue	tint
indentation		colour wheel	primary colours	tone
logo		complementary	secondary colours	warm colours
printing plate		colours	shade	
printing tile		contrasting colours	texture	
processes				
stencil				





Key Vocabulary			
Navigators 1 / Year 5	Navigators 2 / Year 6		
You're Not Invited	Wars of the World		
mosaic art	fabrics		
slab pot	thread		
clay guides	stitching		
cross-hatching	installation		
rollers			
wire cutter			
Full of Beans	British Bulldog		
hue	landscape colour mixing		
shade	vibrancy		
tone	sketch		







End Goals

Explorers / EYFS

Our aim in teaching art in Explorers is to give pupils a grounding in some basic techniques and use of tools, whilst encouraging them to be as imaginative and creative as possible. Pupils should know what a paint brush, easel and palette are by the end of this phase and some pupils may be starting to use these tools with increasing dexterity. Pupils should be able to name some primary and secondary colours and select the most suitable ones for their artwork. Pupils should be able to spot patterns and incorporate some they have seen within their own work. It is important that pupils have been made aware that art can be found in various forms everywhere. Pupils should be able to talk about what they see in simple terms and express whether they like or dislike artwork, knowing that there is no right or wrong answer and that we can all have different preferences. Explorers, like the following phases, will have been introduced to well-known artists, have had the opportunity to study their work and use this as inspiration for their own.

Pathfinders / KS1

Our aim in teaching art in Pathfinders is to encourage the pupils to become more aware of the techniques and tools they are using and recognise that art can be created in many different ways and from a range of materials. In this phase, pupils will have embedded their skills in how to use certain tools, such as holding a paintbrush correctly and picking appropriate colours. They should have developed their drawing skills further by working with lighter and darker shades, producing them, either through increased pressure when using a pencil, or by mixing colours together. They will have also begun to cultivate their techniques in using clay for sculpting, and using tools such as rollers, ink and printing plates in printing. Vocabulary such as 'primary' and 'secondary' colours, 'tints' and 'shade' should be understood by pupils. In Pathfinders, pupils should know that some artists create art with things other than their hands, such as the work of Christy Brown, and that disability does not prevent people from becoming artists. They should also know that artists can use their environment to inspire their work, for example César Manrique uses the windy landscape of Lanzarote and Monet was inspired by the sea. Through Manrique's art, pupils should have more awareness that art can be made from lots of different things, not just paper, pencils and paint.

Adventurers / LKS2

Our aim in teaching art in Adventurers is to deepen their awareness of art as an identifying feature of different cultures and religions, as well as building on techniques and use of tools from Pathfinders. In this phase, pupils should be able to choose from a range of paintbrushes and understand how varying brush sizes can make an impact on what a painting looks like. They should also be able to vary the lines they use when drawing buildings, portraits and landscapes to give their work greater impact. As well as using lines more effectively, pupils should have been introduced to the concept that artists, specifically painters and illustrators, can follow rules to guide their work, for example, the 'rule of thirds' for landscapes. The techniques used in sculpting with clay will have been improved by using 'slip' to make sculptures stronger and using papier mache as another tool for sculpting 3D forms.

In this phase, art as an identifying feature of culture and religion appear regularly. Pupils will be aware of the use of mandalas in Buddhism and geometric patterns that appear in Islamic art. In contrast, they should understand the significance of tattooing as an art form in Central America and Mexico during the Mayan period and how the comic book artwork of Jack Kirby and his Marvel characters has had a cultural impact. In Lightning Speed, pupils will have looked at the work of Gutenberg and how printing is not only an artform but has many practical uses.

Navigators / UKS2

Our aim in teaching art in Navigators is to challenge pupils in their selection of tools and techniques so that their own works makes more of an impact, and in their understanding of how art can reflect culture and historical events. Throughout this phase, pupils should be able to draw upon the skills and techniques they have used to produce work that is effective and personalised. Pupils will expand their knowledge of colour through, not only mixing, but manipulating contrasting and complementary colours within their work. They will have created sculptures using more complex techniques with clay, such as slab work, and will have needed to delve deeper into their imaginations to create sculptures using small, everyday materials i.e. paper clips.

Pupils should be able to evaluate and critique art, not only produced by professional artists, but by themselves and their peers, giving intelligent and supportive feedback using a wide range of art and design vocabulary. Pupils should recognise when research is required when creating art of a certain style and be aware of the reasons why art is important, making links with historical and cultural events. By the end of





this phase, pupils should be able to produce art using a wide range of techniques, select tools for specific purposes and have a developed sense of imagination, whilst being able to link work to a range of thistorical, social and cultural contexts.

